PLTW Engineering Standards Connection Civil Engineering and Architecture



Connections to Standards in Engineering

PLTW curriculum is designed to empower students to thrive in an evolving world. As a part of the design process when developing and updating our curriculum, we focus on connections to a variety of standards. PLTW Civil Engineering and Architecture connects to standards in the following:

Table of Contents

Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts Anchor Standards	Page	2
Common Core Standards for Mathematics	Page	6
Common Core English Language Arts Standards	Page	10
Next Generation Science Standards	Page	13
Standards for Technological and Engineering Literacy	Page	19

Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts Anchor Standards

Reading	J
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Key Ideas and Details

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.R.1

Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it; cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the text.

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Craft and Structure

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.R.4

Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.

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Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.R.7

Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse formats and media, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.

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Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.R.10

Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.

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Writing

Text Types and Purposes

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.W.2

Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

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Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts Anchor **Standards**

Production and Distribution of Writing CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.W.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.W.5 Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.W.6 Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others. 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 Research to Build and Present Knowledge CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.W.7 Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 **✓** CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.W.8 Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 4.1 4.2

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.W.9

Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts Anchor Standards

Range of Writing	าต
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CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.W.10

Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.

1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	4.1	4.2
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Speaking and Listening

Comprehension and Collaboration

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.SL.1

Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.SL.2

Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.SL.4

Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.SL.5

Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.SL.6

Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts Anchor Standards



Conventions of Standard English

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.L.1

Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.L.2

Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

Knowledge of Language

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.L.3

Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.L.4

Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.CCRA.L.6

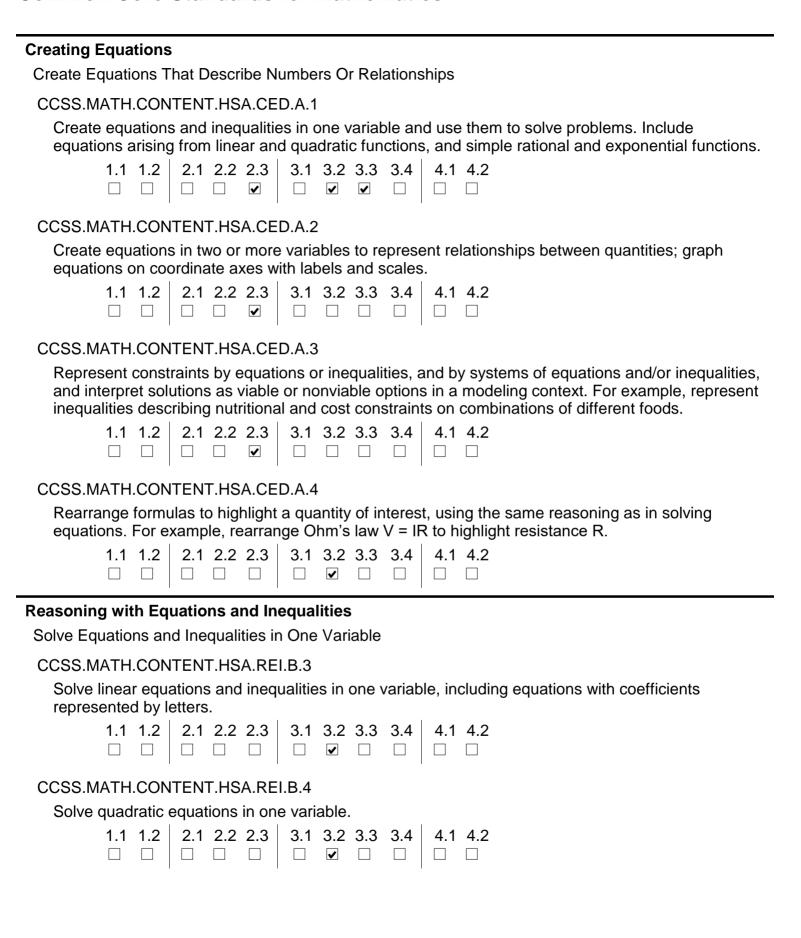
Acquire and use accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when encountering an unknown term important to comprehension or expression.

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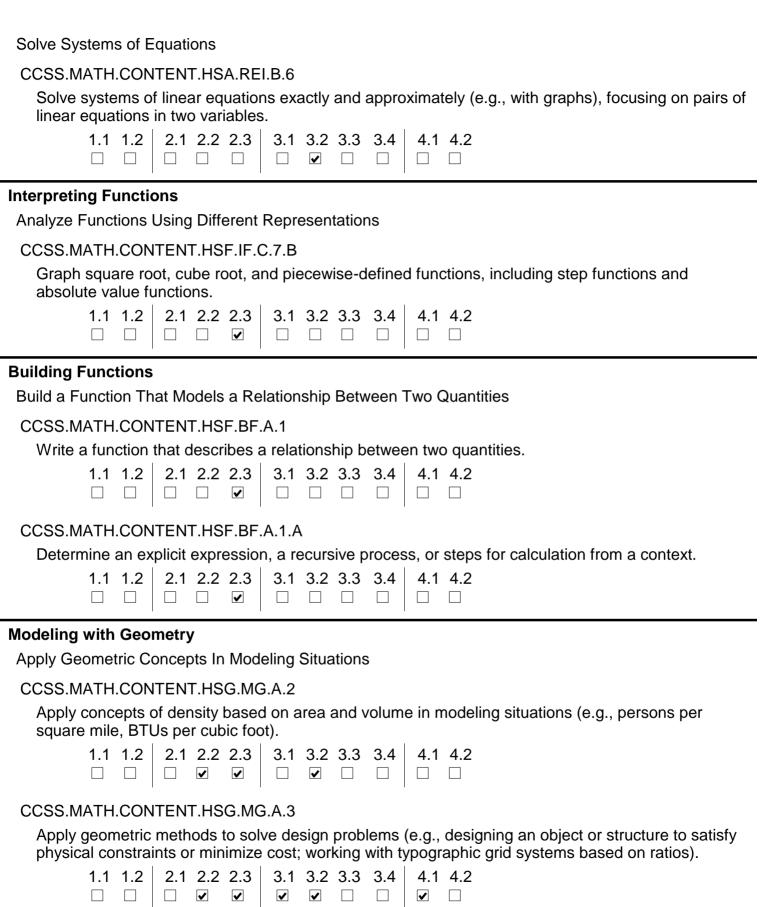
Common Core Standards for Mathematics

uantities							
Reason Quantitatively and Use Units to Solve Problems							
CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.HSN.Q.A.1							
Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multistep problems; choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale and the origin in graphs and data displays.							
1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2							
CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.HSN.Q.A.3							
Choose a level of accuracy appropriate to limitations on measurement when reporting quantities.							
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ector and Matrix Quantities							
Represent and Model with Vector Quantities							
CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.HSN.VM.A.1							
(+) Recognize vector quantities as having both magnitude and direction. Represent vector quantities by directed line segments, and use appropriate symbols for vectors and their magnitudes (e.g., v , $ v $, $ v $, $ v $.							
1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2							
CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.HSN.VM.A.3							
(+) Solve problems involving velocity and other quantities that can be represented by vectors.							
1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2							
Perform Operations on Vectors							
CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.HSN.VM.A.4 (+) Add and subtract vectors.							
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eeing Structure in Expressions							
nterpret the Structure of Expressions							
CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.HSA.SSE.A.1							
Interpret expressions that represent a quantity in terms of its context.							
1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2							

Common Core Standards for Mathematics



Common Core Standards for Mathematics



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Common Core English Language Arts Standards

Reading Informational Text (11-12) Integration of Knowledge and Ideas CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.11-12.7 Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a question or solve a problem. 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 4.1 4.2 **✓ Writing (9-10)** Text Types and Purposes CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.9-10.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content. 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.9-10.2.D Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic. 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 **✓** Production and Distribution of Writing CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.9-10.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 **✓ Speaking and Listening (9-10)** Comprehension and Collaboration CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.9-10.1 Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grades 9–10 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively. 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2

Common Core English Language Arts Standards

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.9-10.1.A Come to discussions prepared, having read and researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence from texts and other research on the topic or issue to stimulate a thoughtful, well-reasoned exchange of ideas. 1.1 1.2 | 2.1 2.2 2.3 | 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 | 4.1 4.2 CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.9-10.1.B Work with peers to set rules for collegial discussions and decision-making (e.g., informal consensus. taking votes on key issues, presentation of alternate views), clear goals and deadlines, and individual roles as needed. 1.1 1.2 | 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.9-10.1.C Propel conversations by posing and responding to guestions that relate the current discussion to broader themes or larger ideas; actively incorporate others into the discussion; and clarify, verify, or challenge ideas and conclusions. 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.9-10.4 Present information, findings, and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, substance, and style are appropriate to purpose, audience, and task. 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 1.1 1.2 CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.9-10.5 Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest. 1.1 1.2 | 2.1 2.2 2.3 | 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 | 4.1 4.2

Common Core English Language Arts Standards

Language (9-10)

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.9-10.6

Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

Science & Technical Subjects (9-10)

Key Ideas and Details

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RST.9-10.3

Follow precisely a complex multistep procedure when carrying out experiments, taking measurements, or performing technical tasks, attending to special cases or exceptions defined in the text.

Craft and Structure

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RST.9-10.4

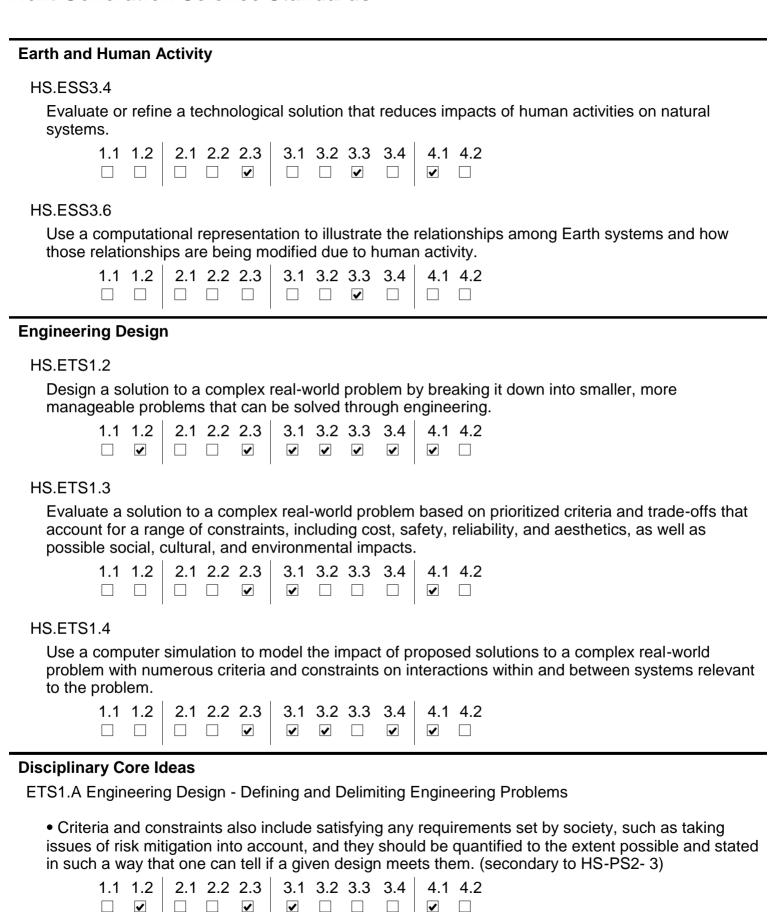
Determine the meaning of symbols, key terms, and other domain-specific words and phrases as they are used in a specific scientific or technical context relevant to grades 9–10 texts and topics.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RST.9-10.7

Translate quantitative or technical information expressed in words in a text into visual form (e.g., a table or chart) and translate information expressed visually or mathematically (e.g., in an equation) into words.

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 Humanity faces major global challenges today, such as the need for supplies of clean water and food or for energy sources that minimize pollution, which can be addressed through engineering. These global challenges also may have manifestations in local communities. (HS-ETS1-1)
1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2
ETS1.B Engineering Design - Developing Possible Solutions
 When evaluating solutions, it is important to take into account a range of constraints, including cost, safety, reliability, and aesthetics, and to consider social, cultural, and environmental impacts. (HS-ETS1-3)
1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 .
ETS1.C Engineering Design - Optimizing the Design Solution
• Criteria may need to be broken down into simpler ones that can be approached systematically, and decisions about the priority of certain criteria over others (tradeoffs) may be needed. (secondary to HS-PS1-6)
1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 .
LS4.D Biological Evolution: Unity and Diversity - Biodiversity and Humans
 Humans depend on the living world for the resources and other benefits provided by biodiversity. But human activity is also having adverse impacts on biodiversity through overpopulation, overexploitation, habitat destruction, pollution, introduction of invasive species, and climate change. Thus sustaining biodiversity so that ecosystem functioning and productivity are maintained is essential to supporting and enhancing life on Earth. Sustaining biodiversity also aids humanity by preserving landscapes of recreational or inspirational value. (secondary to HS-LS2-7) (Note: This Disciplinary Core Idea is also addressed by HS-LS4-6.) 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2
ESS3.A Earth and Human Activity - Natural Resources
 Resource availability has guided the development of human society. (HS-ESS3-1) 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 ☑ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □
 All forms of energy production and other resource extraction have associated economic, social, environmental, and geopolitical costs and risks as well as benefits. New technologies and social regulations can change the balance of these factors. (HS-ESS3-2) 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2

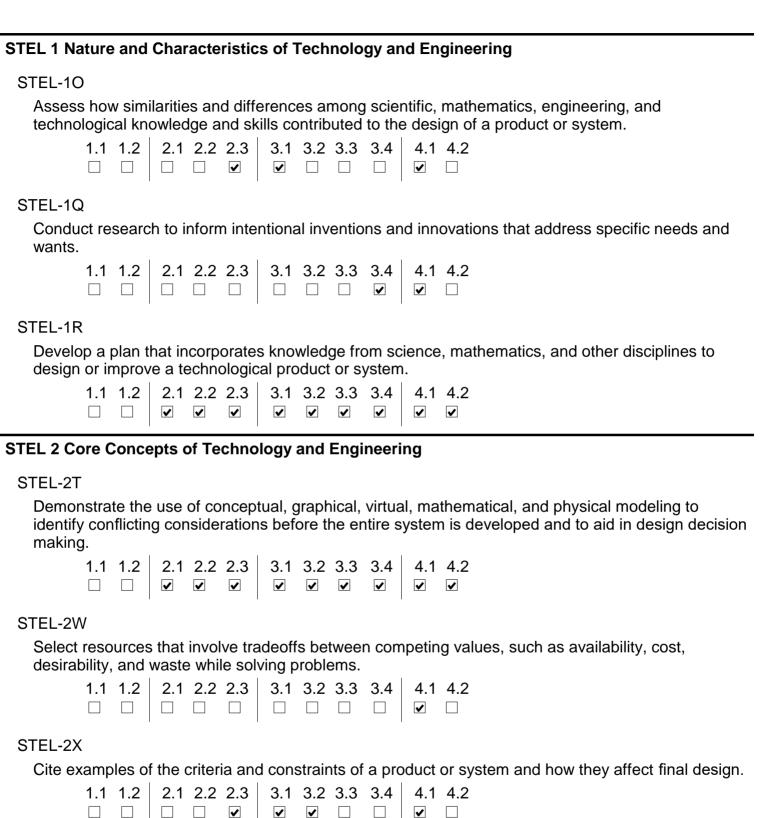
ESS3.C Earth and Human Activity - Human Impacts on Earth Systems
 The sustainability of human societies and the biodiversity that supports them requires responsible management of natural resources. (HS-ESS3-3)
1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2
 Scientists and engineers can make major contributions by developing technologies that produce less pollution and waste and that preclude ecosystem degradation. (HS-ESS3-4)
1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2
Science and Engineering Practices Practice 1 - Asking questions and defining problems in 9-12 builds on K-8 experiences and progresses to formulating, refining, and evaluating empirically testable questions and design problems using models and simulations.
 Ask Questions that arise from careful observation of phenomena, or unexpected results, to clarify and/or seek additional information. that arise from examining models or a theory, to that arise from careful observation of phenomena, or unexpected results, to clarify and/or seek additional information. that arise from examining models or a theory, to clarify and/or seek additional information and relationships. to determine relationships, including quantitative relationships, between independent and dependent variables.
• to clarify and refine a model, an explanation, or an engineering problem.
1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2
 Ask questions that can be investigated within the scope of the school laboratory, research facilities, or field (e.g., outdoor environment) with available resources and, when appropriate, frame a hypothesis based on a model or theory.
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 Define a design problem that involves the development of a process or system with interacting components and criteria and constraints that may include social, technical, and/or environmental considerations.
1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 □

Practice 2 Developing and Using Models Modeling in 9-12 builds on K-8 experiences and progresses to using, synthesizing, and developing models to predict and show relationships among variables between systems and their components in the natural and designed worlds.
 Evaluate merits and limitations of two different models of the same proposed tool, process, mechanism or system in order to select or revise a model that best fits the evidence or design criteria.
1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 .
 Develop a complex model that allows for manipulation and testing of a proposed process or system.
1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □
 Develop and/or use a model (including mathematical and computational) to generate data to support explanations, predict phenomena, analyze systems, and/or solve problems.
1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □
Practice 3 Planning and Carrying Out Investigations Planning and carrying out investigations in 9-12 builds on K-8 experiences and progresses to include investigations that provide evidence for and test conceptual, mathematical, physical, and empirical models.
• Plan and conduct an investigation individually and collaboratively to produce data to serve as the basis for evidence, and in the design: decide on types, how much, and accuracy of data needed to produce reliable measurements and consider limitations on the precision of the data (e.g., number of trials, cost, risk, time), and refine the design accordingly.
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Practice 4 Analyzing and Interpreting Data Analyzing data in 9-12 builds on K-8 experiences and progresses to introducing more detailed statistical analysis, the comparison of data sets for consistency, and the use of models to generate and analyze data.
• Analyze data using tools, technologies, and/or models (e.g., computational, mathematical) in order to make valid and reliable scientific claims or determine an optimal design solution.
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Analyproces											cs of the components of a proposed cess.
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											presentations of phenomena or design ations.
	1.1				2.3 •					4.1 •	
• Apply proble	•	hniqu	es of	alge	bra aı	nd fur	nctior	ns to	repre	esent	and solve scientific and engineering
	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 •	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3	3.4 •	4.1 •	4.2 □
	-				_						n the context of complicated measurement units (such as mg/mL, kg/m3, acre-feet,
	1.1	1.2	2.1	2.2 ✓	2.3 ✓	3.1	3.2 ✓	3.3	3.4 ✓	4.1	4.2 □
explanati	ting e	explar and de	natior esign	ns an s tha	d des t are :	igning suppo	g solu orted	utions by m	s in 9 nultipl	-12 bi	ns uilds on K-8 experiences and progresses to I independent student-generated sources of ories.
	desig	n pro	blem	s, tak	king in	ito ac	coun	t pos	sible	unan	vide an explanation of phenomena and ticipated effects.
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					✓	✓				•	

Engaging in argument from Evidence Engaging in argument from evidence in 9-12 builds on K-8 experiences and progresses to using appropriate and sufficient evidence and scientific reasoning to defend and critique claims and explanations about the natural and designed world(s). Arguments may also come from current scientific or historical episodes in science.
 Evaluate competing design solutions to a real-world problem based on scientific ideas and principles, empirical evidence, and/or logical arguments regarding relevant factors (e.g. economic, societal, environmental, ethical considerations).
1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □
Practice 8 Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information in 9-12 builds on K-8 experiences and progresses to evaluating the validity and reliability of the claims, methods, and designs.
 Compare, integrate and evaluate sources of information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words in order to address a scientific question or solve a problem.
1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 Image: Example of the content of
Crosscutting Concepts
Structure and Function
The way an object is shaped or structured determines many of its properties and functions. 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 □ □ □ □ □ □ □ ☑ □ ☑ □ □ □ □
Investigating or designing new systems or structures requires a detailed examination of the properties of different materials, the structures of different components, and connections of components to reveal its function and/or solve a problem.
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Standards for Technological and Engineering Literacy



Standards for Technological and Engineering Literacy STEL-2Z Use management processes in planning, organizing, and controlling work. 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 **✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ STEL 4 Impacts of Technology** STEL-4P Evaluate ways that technology can impact individuals, society, and the environment. 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 **✓** STEL-4Q Critique whether existing or proposed technologies use resources sustainably. 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 **✓** STEL 5 Influence of Society on Technological Development STEL-5J Design an appropriate technology for use in a different culture. 1.1 1.2 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 **✓ ✓ STEL 6 History of Technology** STEL-6H Evaluate how technology has been a powerful force in reshaping the social, cultural, political, and economic landscapes throughout history. 2.1 2.2 2.3 1.1 1.2 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 4.1 4.2 ✓ STEL 7 Design in Technology and Engineering Education STEL-7Y

Optimize a design by addressing desired qualities within criteria and constraints.

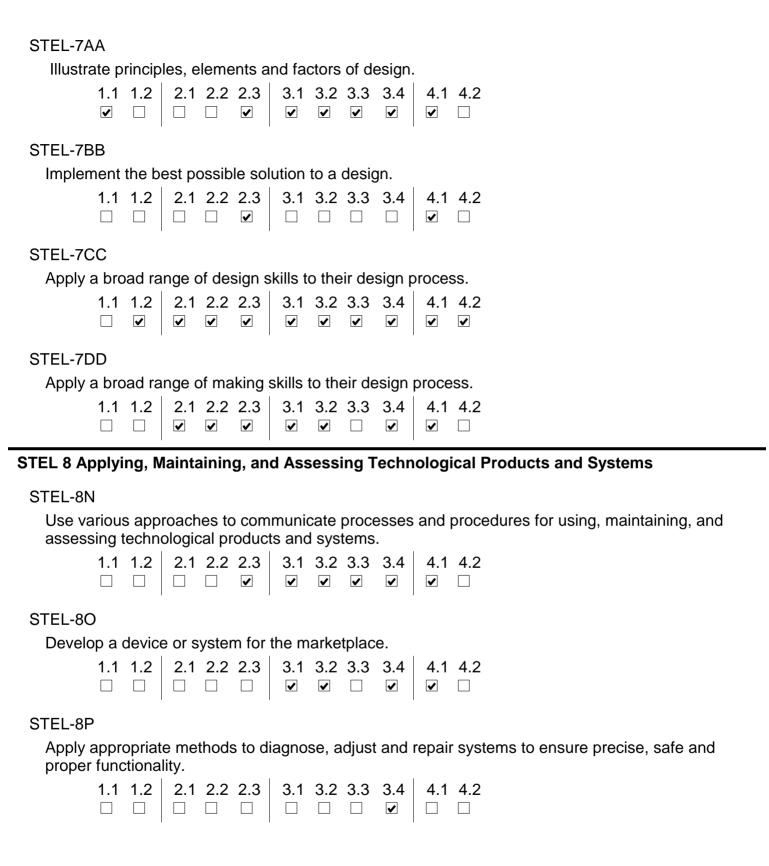
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STEL-7Z

Apply principles of human-centered design.

Standards for Technological and Engineering Literacy



Standards for Technological and Engineering Literacy



Synthesize data and analyze trends to make decisions about technological products, systems, or processes.

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